1	2	3	4	5
15.	Meghalaya	40.04	7.47	33.87
16.	Mizoram	40.04	7.47	19.47
17.	Nagaland	40.04	7.47	32.67
18.	Orissa	48.01	42.83	47.15
19.	Punjab	6.35	5.75	6.16
20.	Rajasthan	13.74	19.85	15.28
21.	Sikkim	40.04	7.47	36.55
22.	Tamil Nadu	20.55	22.11	21.12
23.	Tripura	40.04	7.47	34.44
24.	Uttar Pradesh	31.22	30.89	31.15
25.	West Bengal	31.85	14.86	27.02
26.	A&N Islands	20.55	22.11	20.99
27.	Chandigarh	5.75	5.75	5.75
28.	D&N Haveli	17.57	13.52	17.14
29.	Daman & Diu	1.35	7.52	4.44
30.	Delhi	0.40	9.42	8.23
31.	Lakshadweep	9.38	20.27	15.60
32.	Pondicherry	20.55	22.11	21.67
	ALL INDIA	27.09	23.62	26.10

Mandays generated in States/UTs

308. SHRI MATILAL SARKAR: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of mandays generated in each State and Union Territory of the country during the period from 1.4.2004 to 30.6.2005;

(b) the number of mandays generated in the scheduled 150 districts of the country on the average and the number outside those districts on the average; and

(c) whether steps would be taken to include all the districts of the country in providing 100 mandays a year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) The Ministry is implementing two major wage employment programmes i.e. the Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY) and the National Food for Work Programme (NFFWP). The SGRY is implemented in the rural aeras of all the districts of the country whereas NFFWP is implemented in the identified 150 most backward districts. The Statement indicating State-wise total number of mandays generated under both the programmes separately from 1.4.2004 to 30.6.2005 (15 months) is enclosed (*See* below).

(b) For the implementation of wage employment programmes, there is no scheduled 150 districts. However, 150 most backward districts have been identified for the implementation of NFFWP. During the above period, total mandays generated in these 150 most backward districts and the remaining districts under the NFFWP and the SGRY are given as under:-

Mandays generated in 150 most backward districts (In lakhs)		Mandays Generated in the remaining districts under the SGRY
SGRY	**NFFWP**	**(In lakhs)**
3978.97	1294.34	4742.85

As such average mandays per district comes to 35.16 lakh in identified 150 most backward districts and 10.95 lakh mandays in the remaining districts during the above period.

(c) Since, the NFFWP is initially meant for only 150 most backward districts which have been finally selected and the programme has already been launched in these districts, further inclusion of districts is not possible.

Statement

State-wise total number of mandays generated under SGRY and NFFWP

(In lakhs)

Sl. No.	States	Mandays Generated during the period 1.4.2004 to 30.06.2005		
		SGRY	NFFWP	Total
1.	Andhra Pradesh	336.26	128.40	464.66
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	8.53	2.49	11.02
3.	Assam	699.52	96.86	796.38
4.	Bihar	657.51	92.90	750.41
5.	Chhattisgarh	379.02	146.79	525.81
6.	Goa	3.60	—	3.60
7.	Gujarat	297.49	3.82	301.31
8.	Haryana	75.67	0.00	75.67
9.	Himachal Pradesh	44.94	1.74	46.68
10.	J&K	43.73	0.00	43.73
11.	Jharkhand	303.88	13.19	317.07
12.	Karnataka	362.78	23.84	386.62
13.	Kerala	123.71	0.21	123.92

Sl. No.	States	Mandays Generated during the period 1.4.2004 to 30.06.2005		
		SGRY	*NFFWP	Total
14.	Madhya Pradesh	597.52	258.02	855.54
15.	Maharashtra	714.65	0.00	714.65
16.	Manipur	31.93	5.21	37.14
17.	Meghalaya	36.96	1.24	38.20
18.	Mizoram	6.54	0.00	6.54
19.	Nagaland	7.83	0.00	7.83
20.	Orissa	583.58	260.27	843.85
21.	Punjab	37.10	0.00	37.10
22.	Rajasthan	257.60	37.58	295.18
23.	Sikkim	5.34	1.41	6.75
24.	Tamil Nadu	555.48	28.62	584.10
25.	Tripura	109.47	30.60	140.07
26.	Uttaranchal	103.81	0.92	104.73
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1904.54	58.47	1963.01
28.	West Bengal	429.57	101.78	531.35
29.	A&N Islands	3.01	—	3.01
30.	D&N Haveli	0.00	—	0.00
31.	Daman & Diu	0.00	—	0.00
32.	Lakshadweep	0.13	—	0.13
33.	Pondicheery	0.13	—	0.13
	ALL INDIA	8721.82	1294.34	10016.16

*NFFWP was started in November, 2004.

Implementation of SGRY

309. SHRI RAJKUMAR DHOOT: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY) is being implemented in different States/UTs;

(b) if so, the allocation made by Centre to different States/UTs under the Yojana for the year 2005-06 and proposed to be made for 2006-07;

(c) The number of persons covered under the Yojana during last two years in different States/UTs; and

(d) how it is ensured that the benefit of SGRY reaches only eligible persons?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) The Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY) is being implemented throughout the country except NCT of Delhi and Chandigarh.